# Bondstrand"' Series 3200A Fiberglass Pipe (General Industrial Service) (For sizes 2 through 6 inch, use Series 3000A pipe and fittings products) 

Uses and
Applications

- Boiler feed water
- Brine and brackish water
- Chemical process piping
- Cooling water
- Demineralized water
- Electroplating
- Industrial plant piping
- Municipal waste
- Oilfield piping
- Potable Water - NSF 61 Listed
- Power plant and steel mill piping
- Sewer lines and sewer force mains
- Source and recycle water
- Sump discharge
- Vent lines
- Water mains
- Water treatment


## Performance

Pipe and fittings are rated at 200 psig.
Operating plus surge pressures to 1.25 times rated operating pressure occurring three times or less per 24-hour period.
No thrust blocks are required at rated system pressure for most buried piping configurations and most soil conditions. For above ground use, consult NOV Fiber Glass Systems.

Temperatures to $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(99^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ maximum. Sub-zero temperatures will not affect the physical properties. Water in pipe must not be allowed to freeze.
Vacuum to -14.7 psig when buried and properly backfilled. For above ground use, refer to collapse pressures listed below under pipe pressure Typical Pipe Performance.

Recommended burial depth: 3 to 25 feet.
Recommended for water, waste water ( pH 1 to 12), and mild chemicals. Consult Bondstrand Corrosion Guide or contact NOV Fiber Glass Systems for recommendations for your particular application.

Individual system components may not have the same ratings as the pipe. Refer to the detailed product information for the specific components to determine the pressure rating for the system as a whole.

## Composition

## Pipe

Filament-wound fiberglass reinforced epoxy pipe with integral epoxy liner and exterior coating

| Pipe Size |  | ASTM Designation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in | mm | D2310 | D2996 |
| $8-16$ | $200-400$ | RTRP 11FU | RTRP 11FU1-6430 |

## Fittings

8 to 16 inch
Filament-wound fiberglass reinforced epoxy elbows
Mitered tees, crosses, wyes, and laterals

## Flanges

Flange rings - Filament-wound fiberglass
Stub ends - Centrifugally cast fiberglass

## Blind flanges

Reference Cl3050 for fittings dimensions

## Adhesive

NOV Fiber Glass Systems two-part epoxy adhesive for field fabrication.

| Joining Systems | 8 to 16 -inch: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Bell and spigot taper/taper adhesive-bonded joint. |

Pipe Lengths
Standard 20 and 39 foot random lengths.
Other lengths available on request.

| Nominal Pipe Size |  | Outside Diameter ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Inside Diameter |  | Wall Thickness |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Structural |  |
| in | mm |  |  | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm |
| 8 | 200 | 8.60 | 219 |  |  | 8.30 | 211 | 0.150 | 3.8 | 0.125 | 3.2 |
| 10 | 250 | 10.77 | 273 | 10.42 | 264 | 0.175 | 4.4 | 0.145 | 3.7 |
| 12 | 300 | 12.70 | 324 | 12.30 | 312 | 0.200 | 5.1 | 0.175 | 4.4 |
| 14 | 350 | 14.44 | 367 | 14.01 | 356 | 0.215 | 5.5 | 0.185 | 4.7 |
| 16 | 400 | 16.50 | 419 | 16.03 | 407 | 0.235 | 6.0 | 0.205 | 5.2 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Typical outside diameters of 8 through 12 inch pipe are within API, ASTM and ANSI fiberglass and steel pipe dimensions.

| Nominal <br> Pipe Size |  | Taper <br> Angle | Taper <br> Length |  | Pipe Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in | $\mathbf{m m}$ | deg | in | $\mathbf{m m}$ | $\mathbf{l b} / \mathbf{f t}$ | $\mathbf{k g} / \mathbf{m}$ |
| 8 | 200 | 2.00 | 2.6 | 66 | 3.10 | 4.60 |
| 10 | 250 | 2.00 | 3.1 | 79 | 4.50 | 6.70 |
| 12 | 300 | 2.00 | 3.6 | 91 | 6.10 | 9.10 |
| 14 | 350 | 2.00 | 4.2 | 107 | 7.50 | 11.15 |
| 16 | 400 | 2.00 | 4.7 | 119 | 9.40 | 14.00 |

Typical Pipe Performance

| Nominal Pipe Size |  | Static Pressure <br> Rating at $150^{\circ} F^{(3)}$ |  | Ultimate Internal Pressure ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Ultimate Collapse Pressure ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $99^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| in | mm |  |  | psig | bar | psig | bar | psig | bar | psig | bar |
| 8 | 200 | 200 | 14 | 1074 | 74 | 21 | 1.5 | 18 | 1.2 |
| 10 | 250 | 200 | 14 | 994 | 69 | 17 | 1.2 | 14 | 1.0 |
| 12 | 300 | 200 | 14 | 1017 | 70 | 18 | 1.2 | 15 | 1.1 |
| 14 | 350 | 200 | 14 | 945 | 65 | 15 | 1.0 | 12 | 0.8 |
| 16 | 400 | 200 | 14 | 916 | 63 | 13 | 0.9 | 11 | 0.8 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Quality control minimum, biaxial loading
${ }^{(2)}$ For vacuum service above ground consult NOV Fiber Glass Systems.
${ }^{(3)} \mathrm{At} 210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ derate the pipe by a factor of 0.73 , linearly interpolate derating factors for temperatures between $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

Fittings Pressure Ratings ${ }^{(3)}$

| Nominal <br> Pipe Size |  | Elbows and <br> Tees $^{(1)}$ |  | Flanges $^{(2)}$ |  | Blind <br> Flanges |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in | mm | psig | bar | psig | bar | psig | bar |
| 8 | 200 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 |
| 10 | 250 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 |
| 12 | 300 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 |
| 14 | 350 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 |
| 16 | 400 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 | 200 | 14 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Ratings shown are for $90^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ elbows. Ratings in 8 to 16 inch sizes are also applicable to elbows of other angles.
${ }^{(2)}$ ANSI B16.5 150 psig bolt pattern
${ }^{(3)}$ At $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ derate the pipe by a factor of 0.73 , linearly interpolate derating factors for temperatures between $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

## Typical Physical Properties

| Pipe Property | Units | Value | ASTM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thermal conductivity | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Btu}-\mathrm{in} /\left(\mathrm{h} \cdot \mathrm{ft}^{2 \cdot} \cdot{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \\ \mathrm{W} / \mathrm{m} \cdot{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.7 \\ 0.25 \end{gathered}$ | C177 |
| Coefficient of thermal expansion (linear) (8-16 inch) | $\begin{gathered} 10^{-6} \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{in} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ 10^{-6} \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{cm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | 10 to 13 <br> 18 to 24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D696 } \\ & \text { E228 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Flow coefficient | Hazen-Williams | 150.0 | - |
| Absolute roughness | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{-6} \mathrm{ft} \\ & 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.0 \\ & 15.0 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Specific gravity | - | 1.81 | D792 |

Typical Mechanical Properties

| Pipe Property ${ }^{(1)}$ | Units | Value | ASTM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tensile strength Longitudinal Circumferential | $\begin{gathered} 10^{3} \mathrm{psi} \\ \mathrm{MPa} \\ 10^{3} \mathrm{psi} \\ \mathrm{MPa} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \\ 240 \\ 70 \\ 483 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D2105 } \\ & \text { D1599 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Tensile modulus Longitudinal Circumferential | $10^{6} \mathrm{psi}$ GPa $10^{6} \mathrm{psi}$ GPa | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 21 \\ & 4.2 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | D2105 |
| Compressive strength Longitudinal | $10^{3} \mathrm{psi}$ $\mathrm{MPa}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ 169 \end{gathered}$ | - |
| Compressive modulus Longitudinal | $\begin{gathered} 10^{6} \mathrm{psi} \\ \mathrm{GPa} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.7 \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | - |
| Long-Term Hydrostatic Design Basis ${ }^{(3)}$ <br> Static, Hoop Stress 95\% LCL 20-year Life @ $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Cyclic, Hoop Stress 95\% LCL 20 -year Life @ $75^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10^{3} \mathrm{psi} \\ \mathrm{MPa} \\ 10^{3} \mathrm{psi} \\ \mathrm{MPa} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.2 \\ 98.1 \\ 6.9 \\ 47.4 \end{gathered}$ | D2992 Procedure B <br> D2992 Procedure A |
| Poisson's Ratio ${ }^{(2)}$ $\nu_{y x} \nu_{x y} \nu_{x y}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 0.17 \\ & 0.15 \end{aligned}$ | - |

${ }^{(1)}$ Based on structural wall thickness.
(2) The first subscript denotes the direction of applied stress and the second subscript the measured strain contraction. x denotes longitudinal direction. y denotes circumferential direction
${ }^{(3)}$ Test fixtures were free end type (full end thrust on samples)

| Nominal <br> Pipe Size |  | Change in Length <br> Due to Pressure ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Stiffness <br> Factor $^{(2)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in | mm | $\mathrm{in} / 100 \mathrm{ft} / 100 \mathrm{psi}$ | $\mathrm{mm} / 10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathbf{1 0} \mathrm{bar}$ | $\mathrm{lb} \cdot \mathrm{in}^{3} / \mathrm{in}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| 8 | 200 | 0.565 | 6.8 | 582 | 65.7 |
| 10 | 250 | 0.612 | 7.4 | 908 | 102.6 |
| 12 | 300 | 0.599 | 7.2 | 1,596 | 180.3 |
| 14 | 350 | 0.646 | 7.8 | 1,886 | 213.0 |
| 16 | 400 | 0.668 | 8.1 | 2,566 | 289.9 |

${ }^{(1)}$ In an unrestrained system due to pressure effects alone.
${ }^{(2)}$ At 5\% deflection.

## Support Spacing

(Values are based on a $1 / 2$-inch ( 12 mm ) deflection at mid span.)

| Nominal <br> Pipe Size |  | Single Span ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Continuous Span ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gases |  | $1.00{ }^{(3)}$ |  | 1.3 |  | Gases |  | 1.00 |  | 1.3 |  |
| in | mm | ft | m | ft | m | ft | m | ft | m | ft | m | ft | m |
| 8 | 200 | 27.9 | 8.5 | 16.4 | 5.0 | 15.5 | 4.7 | 41.8 | 12.7 | 24.6 | 7.5 | 23.1 | 7.0 |
| 10 | 250 | 31.4 | 9.8 | 18.1 | 5.5 | 17.1 | 5.2 | 46.9 | 14.3 | 27.1 | 8.2 | 25.5 | 7.8 |
| 12 | 300 | 34.0 | 10.4 | 19.4 | 5.9 | 18.3 | 5.6 | 50.9 | 15.5 | 29.0 | 8.8 | 27.3 | 8.3 |
| 14 | 350 | 36.2 | 11.0 | 20.7 | 6.3 | 19.5 | 5.9 | 54.2 | 16.5 | 31.0 | 9.5 | 29.2 | 8.9 |
| 16 | 400 | 38.7 | 11.8 | 21.9 | 6.7 | 20.6 | 6.3 | 57.9 | 17.6 | 32.8 | 10.0 | 30.9 | 9.4 |

${ }^{(1)}$ For fluid temperatures above $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ reduce span lengths 0.1 -inch/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(5 \mathrm{~mm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
${ }^{(2)}$ Beam fixed at both ends and uniformly distributed loads. Intermediate spans may be calculate by multiplying the single span length by 1.2 .
${ }^{(3)}$ Fluid specific gravity.

Bending Radius

| Nominal <br> Pipe Size |  | Minimum <br> Bending Radius |  | Maximum <br> Deflection <br> per 39-ft <br> Joint | Minimum Length <br> Required <br> for $10^{\circ}$ Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in | mm | ft | m | deg | ft | m |
| 8 | 200 | 209 | 64 | 11 | 37 | 11 |
| 10 | 250 | 281 | 86 | 8 | 49 | 15 |
| 12 | 300 | 343 | 105 | 7 | 60 | 18 |
| 14 | 350 | 418 | 127 | 5 | 73 | 22 |
| 16 | 400 | 507 | 155 | 4 | 89 | 27 |

[^0]
## Guide Specification

This specification covers approval, performance, materials and physical properties requirements for general industrial service piping in 8 through 16 inch nominal pipe sizes at operating temperatures to $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

## Performance Requirements

Pipe, fittings and other components furnished under this specification shall be rated for service to 200 psig at $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and capable of $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ service conditions in accordance with the derating factor. All components shall be rated at or above the design pressure of the system.

| Nominal <br> Pipe Size |  | ASTM Designation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in | mm | D2310 | D2996 |
| $8-16$ | $200-400$ | RTRP 11FU | RTRP 11FU-6430 |

## Materials

Liner-All filament-wound pipe shall incorporate an integral liner with a nominal thickness of 0.025 $\pm 0.005$ inches for 8 through 16 inch nominal sizes. The resin system used in the liner shall be a chemically resistant thermosetting epoxy resin suitable for the intended service.

Structural Wall—Pipe shall be filament wound using continuous glass fiber reinforcements with a resin-compatible finish and a chemically resistant thermosetting epoxy resin. The glass filaments shall be wound in a dual-angle pattern that takes optimum advantage of the tensile strength of the filaments. The glass fiber content of the reinforced wall shall not be less than $60 \%$ by weight. Pigments or dies may be used in the resin as long as the product remains translucent.

External Surface-The pipe shall have a typical 0.005 inch thick resin-rich coating with organic fibrous reinforcement. This protection must be provided for both above and below-ground pipe installations. All external surfaces must be resistant to anticipated corrosion imposed by the service and the environment.

Fittings-Fittings supplied under this specification shall be filament-wound, compression molded, centrifugally cast, or manufactured from mitered pipe sections. The glass fiber content of the structural portion of compression-molded and filament-wound fittings shall not be less than $55 \%$ by weight.

Adhesive-Bonded Bell and Spigot—Both tapered bell and tapered spigot shall have matching taper angles and shall be joined by bonding with an epoxy adhesive. The nominal taper angle shall be $2^{\circ}$ on 8 through 16 inch nominal pipe sizes. The adhesive shall be a two-part epoxy supplied as a kit with all necessary application materials.
Flanges-Flanges shall be two-piece Van Stone type provided with raised grooves on the sealing surface. Fiberglass-reinforced, compression-molded or centrifugally cast stub ends are to be adhesive bonded to the pipe or fitting.
Adapters or Crossovers-The following adapters or crossovers shall be available on request:
Grooved end (8 inch nominal pipe sizes)
Cast iron pipe end (8 through 16 inch nominal pipe sizes)

## Pipe Construction

Pipe-Pipe shall be manufactured to steel pipe outside diameters in 8 through 12 inch nominal pipe sizes and should be based on nominal inside diameters in 14 inch sizes and above. Outside diameter tolerances shall not exceed $\pm 1.0 \%$. Pipe shall be provided in 40 feet random lengths ( 34 through 42 ft ) unless otherwise specified. Up to 10 percent shorts may be included in any shipment unless otherwise agreed upon in writing between purchaser and manufacturer.
Wall Thickness-The total wall thickness of pipe furnished to this specification shall not at any point be greater than 120 percent nor less than 87.5 percent of the nominal thickness. Nominal wall thickness shall have dimensions as given in the manufacturer's published literature.

Fittings and Flanges-Fittings and flanges shall have dimensions as given in the manufacturer's published literature. Flanges shall be drilled to match ANSI 816.5, Class 150 unless specified otherwise in the purchase order.

## Physical and Mechanical Requirements

Valuesforphysical andmechanical properties shall be within $15 \%$ ofthose showntabulated above under Typical Physical Properties and Typical Mechanical Properties.

## Workmanship

The pipe and fittings shall be free from all defects, including delamination, indentations, pinholes, foreign inclusions, bubbles and resin-starved areas which, due to their nature, degree or extent, detrimentally affect the strength and serviceability of the pipe or fittings. Pigments or dyes may be used in the resin as long as the product is sufficiently translucent to verify the structural integrity of the structural wall. The pipe and fittings shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, density and other physical properties.

## Testing

Quality Control Testing-Samples of pipe and fittings shall be tested at random based on standard quality control practices to determine conformance of the materials to the following tests: weight, taper angle, short-term rupture strength, cyclic pressure performance, ring crush strength, Barcol hardness and degree of cure. Each item shall be visually inspected for workmanship.

Proof Testing-All components may be required to be hydrostatically tested by the manufacturer to 1.5 times the pressure rating for signs of leakage or porosity.

## Marking

Each component shall be marked to show the following:
Manufacturer's name and address
Nominal pipe size
Pressure class
Hydrostatic test pressure (if so ordered)
UL Listing Mark (if so ordered)
ULC Listing Mark (if so ordered)
Date and shift of manufacture (pipe only)

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[^0]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ At rated pressure. Sharper bends may create excessive stress concentrations. Do not bend pipe until adhesive has cured.

